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## Product no AS09 468

# V-ATPase, c | Vacuolar H+-ATPase, subunit c (16 kDa)

#### **Product information**

Immunogen | KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide derived from Arabidopsis thaliana V-ATPase subunit c UniProt: Q6IDA4, TAIR:

**Host** Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

**Purity** Immunogen affinity purified serum in PBS pH 7.4.

Format Lyophilized

Quantity 50 ug

**Reconstitution** For reconstitution add 50 μl of sterile water

Store lyophilized/reconstituted at -20°C; once reconstituted make aliquots to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Please Storage remember to spin the tubes briefly prior to opening them to avoid any losses that might occur from material adhering to

the cap or sides of the tube.

Additional information Subunit c is one of most hydrophobic proteins (can be dissolved in organic solvent such as a mixture of

chloroform/methanol solution). It is prone to aggregation even in the presence of SDS. Therefore, before loading on the gel membrane fractions should be incubated in buffer containing 2 % SDS at 60° or 70°C for 10 min or at

### **Application information**

Recommended dilution 1:1000 (WB)

Expected | apparent

16 | 16 kDa (Arabidopsis thaliana)

Predicted reactivity

dictos including: Cucumis sativus, Gossypium mexicanum, Manihot esculenta, Phaseolus aureus, Raphanus sativus, Rcicinus communis, monocots including: Oryza sativa, Triticum aestivum, Zea mays, trees: Picea sitchensis, Populus trichocarpa

Species of your interest not listed? Contact us

Not reactive in Algae

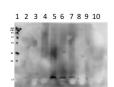
Additional information Protein or membrane sample should be treated at 70°C for 10 min before loading on the gel

Selected references

Vera-Estrella et al. (2017). Cadmium and zinc activate adaptive mechanisms in Nicotiana tabacum similar to those observed in metal tolerant plants. Planta. 2017 Apr 28. doi: 10.1007/s00425-017-2700-1.

Barkla et al. (2016). Single-cell-type quantitative proteomic and ionomic analysis of epidermal bladder cells from the halophyte model plant Mesembryanthemum crystallinum to identify salt-responsive proteins. BMC Plant Biol. 2016 May 10;16(1):110. doi: 10.1186/s12870-016-0797-1.

#### **Application example**



Following samples were analyzed: MW markers (1), Arabidopsis thaliana tonoplast (2), Arabidopsis thaliana plasma membrane (3), Arabidopsis thaliana microsomes (4), Arabidopsis thaliana total protein (5), Mesembryanthemum crystallinum tonoplast (6), Mesembryanthemum crystallinum plasma membrane (7), Mesembryanthemum crystallinum microsomes (8), Nicotiana tabacum microsomes (9), Brassica napus microsomes (10). 15 μg of the indicated protein, extracted according to Vera-Estrella et al. (2012) was separated on 12% SDS-PAGE and blotted 1.15h to PVDF using tank transfer. Blots were blocked with for 1h at room temperature (RT) with agitation. Blot was incubated in the primary antibody at a dilution of 1: 1 000 O/N at RT with agitation. The antibody solution was decanted and the blot was washed 3X for 15 min min in TBS-T at RT with agitation. Blot was incubated in secondary antibody (anti-rabbit IgG horse radish peroxidase conjugated, from Agrisera AS09 602) diluted to 1:50 000 in for 2h at RT with agitation. The blot was washed as above and developed using chemiluminescent substrated and recorder using the LiCOR c-DIGIT personal imager.



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