This product is for research use only (not for diagnostic or therapeutic use)

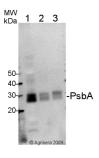
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Product no AS09 603 Goat anti-Chicken IgY (H&L), HRP conjugated **Product information**

Immunogen	Purified chicken IgY, whole molecule
Host	Goat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purity	Immunogen affinity purified goat IgG.
Format	Lyophilized
Quantity	1 mg
Reconstitution	For reconstitution add 1.1 ml of sterile water. Let it stand 30 minutes at room temperature to dissolve. Prepare fresh working dilutions daily
Storage	Store lyophilized material at 2-8°C. For long time storage after reconstitution, dilute the antibody solution with glycerol to a final concentration of 50% glycerol and store as liquid at -20°C, to prevent loss of enzymatic activity. For example, if you have reconstituted 1 mg of antibody in 1.1 ml of sterile water add 1.1 ml of glycerol. Such solution will not freeze in -20°C. If you are using a 1:5000 dilution prior to diluting with glycerol, then you would need to use a 1:2500 dilution after adding glycerol. Prepare working dilution prior to use and then discard, Be sure to mix well but without foaming.
Additional information	Concentration: 1.0 mg/ml
	This HRP-conjugate is supplied in 10 mM Sodium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2, 1 % (w/v) BSA, Protease/IgG free 0.1 % (v/v) of Kathon CG is used as preservative.
Application information	

Recommended dilution 1:10 000 -1:150 000 (ELISA), 1:500 -1:5000 (IHC), 1:20 000 and 1:10 000 (WB) **Confirmed reactivity** Chicken <u>IgY</u> heavy and light chains (H&L). Not reactive in No confirmed exceptions from predicted reactivity are currently known Additional information Antibody binds to: heavy chains on chicken IgY light chains on all chicken immunoglobulins No reactivity is observed to non-immunoglobulin chicken serum proteins based in immunoelectrophoresis. Chicken immunoglobulin is often called hen or chicken IgG, however it is derived from egg yolk, therefore IgY. Selected references Bindari et al. (2020). Methods to prevent PCR amplification of DNA from non-viable virus were not successful for infectious laryngotracheitis virus. PLoS One. 2020 May 22;15(5):e0232571. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0232571. PMID: 32442180; PMCID: PMC7244108. Levitan et al. (2019). Structural and functional analyses of photosystem II in the marine diatom Phaeodactylum tricornutum. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2019 Aug 27;116(35):17316-17322. doi: 10.1073/pnas.1906726116. Heard et al. (2015). Identification of Regulatory and Cargo Proteins of Endosomal and Secretory Pathways in Arabidopsis thaliana by Proteomic Dissection. Mol Cell Proteomics. 2015 Jul;14(7):1796-813. doi: 10.1074/mcp.M115.050286. Epub 2015 Apr 21. Huang et al. (2015). Effects of exogenous salicylic acid on the physiological characteristics of Dendrobium officinale under chilling stress. Plant Growth Regulation pp 1-10.

Application example







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5 μg of total extract from (1) *Hordeum vulgare* total leaf, (2) *Zea mays* (3) *Spinacia oleracea* extracted with PEB (AS08 300) were separated on 4-12% NuPage (Invitrogen) LDS-PAGE and blotted 1h to PVDF. Blots were blocked immediately following transfer in 2% ECL Advance blocking reagent (GE Healthcare) in 20 mM Tris, 137 mM sodium chloride pH 7.6 with 0.1% (v/v) Tween-20 (TBS-T) for 1h at room temperature with agitation. Blots were incubated in the primary anti-PsbA antibody (AS01 016) at a dilution of 1: 10 000 for 1h at room temperature with agitation. The antibody solution was decanted and the blot was rinsed briefly twice, then washed once for 15 min and 3 times for 5 min in TBS-T at room temperature with agitation. Blots were incubated in secondary antibody (anti-hen IgG horse radish peroxidase conjugated, AGRISERA) diluted to 1:50 000 in 2% ECL Advance blocking solution for 1h at room temperature with agitation. The blots were washed as above and developed for 5 min with chemiluminescen detection reagent according to the manufacturers instructions. Images of the blots were obtained using a CCD imager (FluorSMax, Bio-Rad) and Quantity One software (Bio-Rad). Exposure time was 30 seconds.



5 μg of total protein from *A.thaliana* (1), *H. vulgare* (2), *Z.mays* (3), S. oleracea (4), extracted with Agrisera PEB extraction buffer (A<u>S08 300)</u> were separated on **4-12% SDS-PAGE** and blotted 1h to **PVDF**. Blots were blocked immediately following transfer in for 1h at room temperature with agitation. Blots were incubated in the primary antibody at a dilution of 1: 10 000 for 1h at room temperature with agitation. The antibody solution was decanted and the blot was rinsed briefly twice, then washed once for 15 min and 3 times for 5 min in TBS-T at room temperature with agitation. Blots were incubated in secondary antibody (anti-hen IgY horse radish peroxidase conjugated, from Agrisera <u>AS09 603</u>) diluted to 1:50 000 for 1h at room temperature with agitation. The blots were washed as above and developed for 5 min with ECL detection reagent according to the manufacturers instructions. Exposure time was 5 seconds.