

product **AS09 468**

**V-ATPase, c | vacuolar H<sup>+</sup>-ATPase, subunit c (16 kDa)**

## product information

<b>background</b>	<b>V-ATPase c subunit</b> is located in vacuole and is involved in ATP synthesis coupled proton transport. This protein is coded by <i>ATVHA-C3</i> gene. Alternative names: AT4g34720/T4L20_300
<b>immunogen</b>	<u>KLH</u> -conjugated synthetic peptide derived from <i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> V-ATPase subunit c, <u>Q6IDA4</u>
<b>antibody format</b>	rabbit polyclonal, serum,
<b>quantity</b>	100 µl
<b>storage</b>	store at -20°C; make aliquots to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Please, remember to spin tubes briefly prior to opening them to avoid any losses that might occur from material adhering to the cap or sides of the tubes.
<b>tested applications</b>	ELISA (ELISA), western blot (WB)
<b>additional information</b>	<p><b>Antibody will only work properly on purified vacuolar membranes</b></p> <p>0.1 % sodium azide is added as preservative. For antibody re-suspending information check the tube label.</p> <p>Antibodies will detect target protein in a few µg of a crude preparation loaded per well. If purified preparations of vacuolar membranes are used, one µg load per well should be sufficient. Subunit c is one of most hydrophobic proteins (can be dissolved in organic solvent such as a mixture of chloroform/methanol solution). It is prone to aggregation even in the presence of SDS. <b>Therefore, before loading on the gel membrane fractions should be incubated in buffer containing 2 % SDS at 60° or 70° C for 10 min or at 25° C for 30 min.</b></p> <p>Protocol of isolation of plant vacuolar membranes can be found <a href="#">here</a>.</p>

## application information

<b>recommended dilution</b>	1: 8000 (ELISA), 1: 2000 with standard ECL (WB)
<b>expected   apparent MW</b>	16   16 kDa ( <i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> )
<b>confirmed reactivity</b>	<i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> , <i>Raphanus sativus</i>
<b>predicted reactivity</b>	dictos including: <i>Cucumis sativus</i> , <i>Gossypium mexicanum</i> , <i>Phaseolus aureus</i> , <i>Ricinus communis</i> , monocots including: <i>Oryza sativa</i> , <i>Triticum aestivum</i> , <i>Zea mays</i> , trees: <i>Picea sitchensis</i> , <i>Populus trichocarpa</i>

<b>not reactive in</b>	no confirmed exceptions from predicted reactivity known in the moment
<b>additional information</b>	<p>Protein or membrane sample should be treated at 70 °C for 10 min before loading on the gel.</p> <p>Diluted antibody solution can be used 2 to 3 times within one month if it contains 0.1 % sodium azide as preservative and is stored at -20°C to -80°C.</p> <p>Manufactured by Operon Biotechnologies.</p>
<b>selected references</b>	Yoshihiro et al. (2006) Immunochemical analysis of aquaporin isoforms in Arabidopsis suspension-cultured cells. <i>Cells. Biosci. Biotechnol. Biochem.</i> 70: 980-987.

## application example

**1 µg, 5 and 10 µg of vacuolar membrane fraction/lane** from *Raphanus sativus* were separated on 12 % **SDS-PAGE** and blotted 1h to PVDF membrane (40 min. at 10 V using BioRad semidry transfer). Filters were blocked 1h with 5 % low-fat **milk powder** in TBS-T (0.05% Triton X.100). Membranes were washed 5 times with TBS-T, each time in a fresh polystyrene box and probed with anti-V-ATPase c subunit antibodies (AS09 468, **1:1000**, 1h) and secondary anti-rabbit (**1:2000**, 1 h). All steps were performed in RT with agitation.

